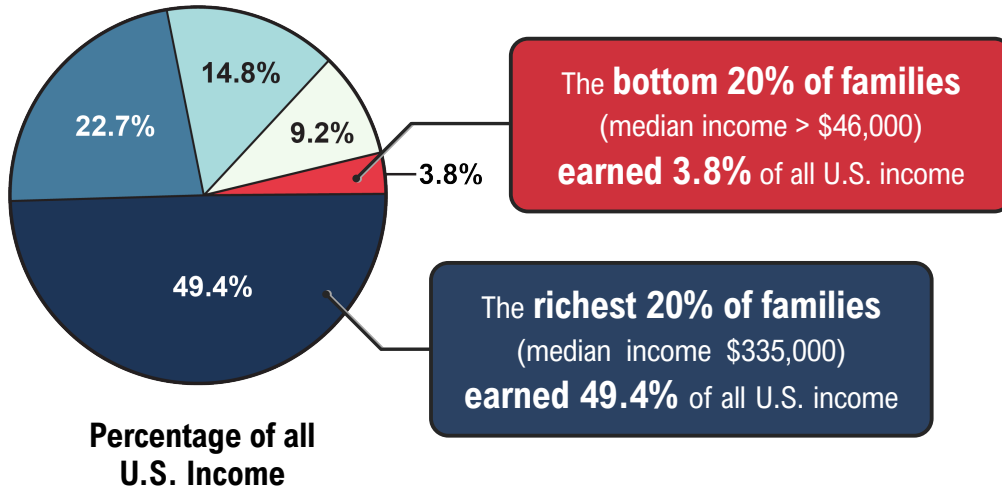


TOPIC: DIMENSIONS OF SOCIAL INEQUALITY

◆ **Income:** _____ from work or investments.

- Income inequality has _____ in recent decades.

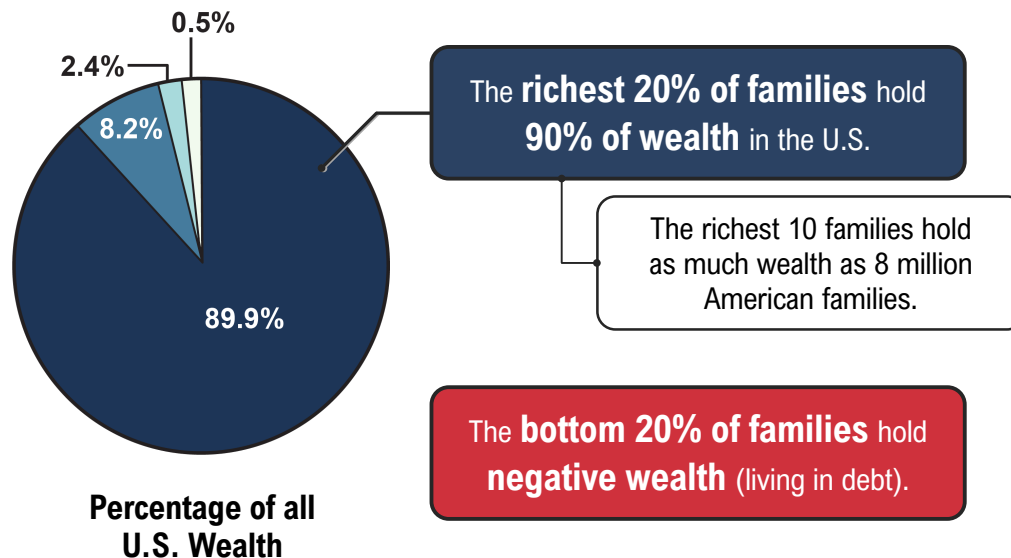


KEY

- Richest 20% of families
- Second 20%
- Third 20%
- Fourth 20%
- Poorest 20% of families

▸ **Wealth:** The _____ value of money and other assets, minus outstanding debts.

- Wealth is distributed even more _____ than income.



(US Census Bureau, 2024)

TOPIC: DIMENSIONS OF SOCIAL INEQUALITY

- ◆ **Occupational Prestige:** Social respect and _____ associated with one's occupation.
 - Prestige is often associated with _____ education, income, social power, & complexity of work.

Highly Rated Jobs	Modestly Rated Jobs	Lowest Rated Jobs
Physician	Machinist	Taxi Driver
Physicist/Astronomer	Auto-body Repair	Household Laborer
College Professor	Bank Teller	Janitor
Architect	Stonemason	Door-to-Door Salesperson
Electrical Engineer	Hairdresser	Parking Lot Attendant

- ◆ These ratings have remained relatively _____ across time and different high-income societies.
- ◆ Reflect social judgements - subject to stereotypes and _____ related to race, gender, and social class.

References:

U.S. Census Bureau. 2024. <https://www.data.census.gov>

EXAMPLE

Jessica has a yearly income of \$100,000, though she has substantial student loan debt. Karissa has a yearly income of \$60,000, owns her home, and has substantial investments. Which of the following statements is correct?

- Jessica has greater wealth, because her income is higher.
- Karissa has greater wealth, despite having a lower income.
- Both women are roughly equal in wealth, though their incomes are different.

PRACTICE

Two occupations require similar levels of education and are roughly equivalent in income, yet one is more respected than the other. This reflects a difference in:

- Wealth.
- Social mobility.
- Resource distribution.
- Occupation prestige.