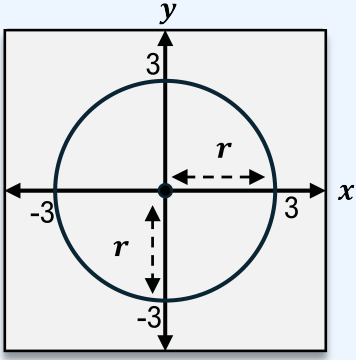
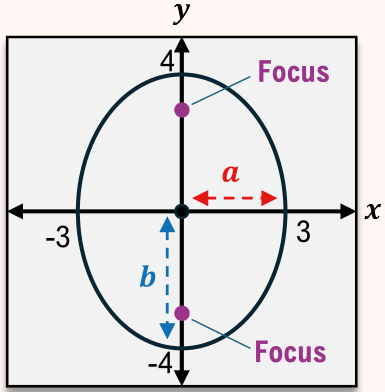
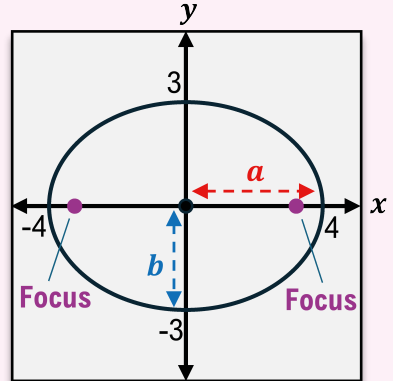


TOPIC: ELLIPSES

Ellipses at the Origin

- ◆ Recall: The graph of a circle is the set of all points that are the same distance r from ____ point, the center.
- An ellipse is an oval shape made up of points whose distances to ____ points (**foci**) add to the same value.

Circle at Origin	Vertical Ellipse	Horizontal Ellipse
 $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ $x^2 + y^2 = 3^2$ $x^2 + y^2 = 9$	 $a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ $a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	 $a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

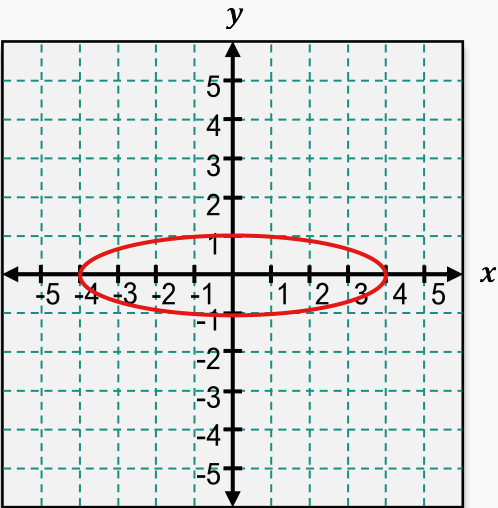
- ◆ To sketch, plot points a units right & left and b units up & down from $(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$ and connect with a smooth curve.

TOPIC: ELLIPSES

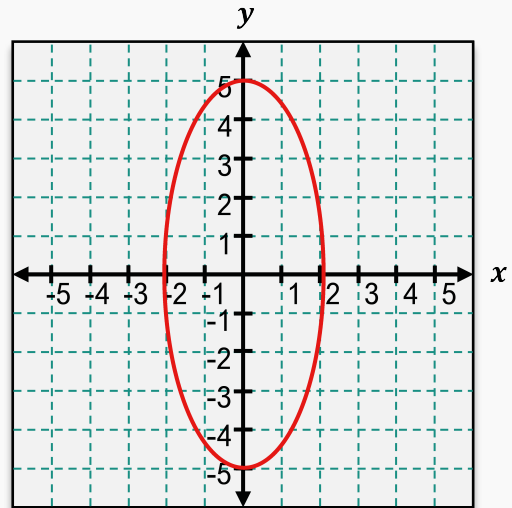
PRACTICE

Write the standard form equation of each ellipse centered at the origin.

(A)



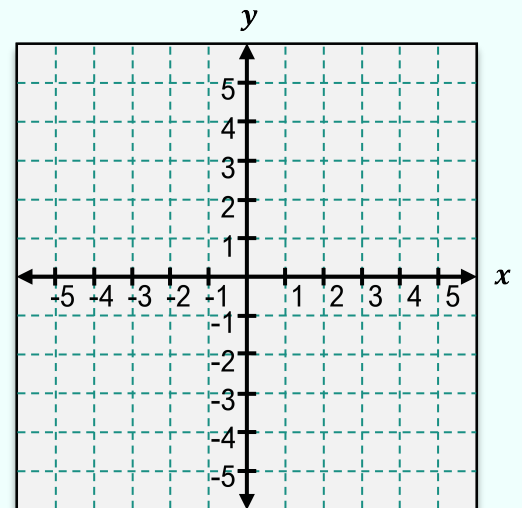
(B)



EXAMPLE

Find the x - and y -intercepts and graph the ellipse.

$$\frac{x^2}{16} = 1 - \frac{y^2}{25}$$

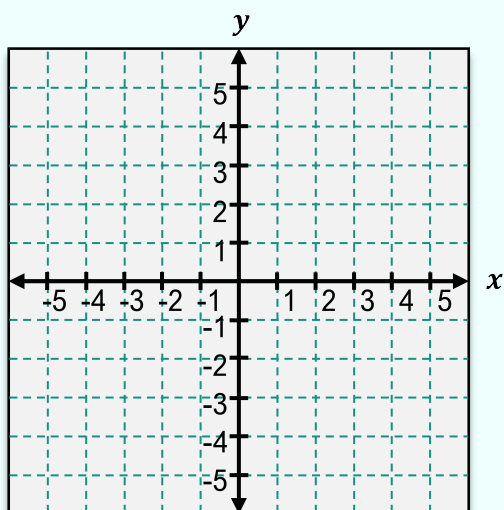


TOPIC: ELLIPSES

EXAMPLE

Graph the ellipse.

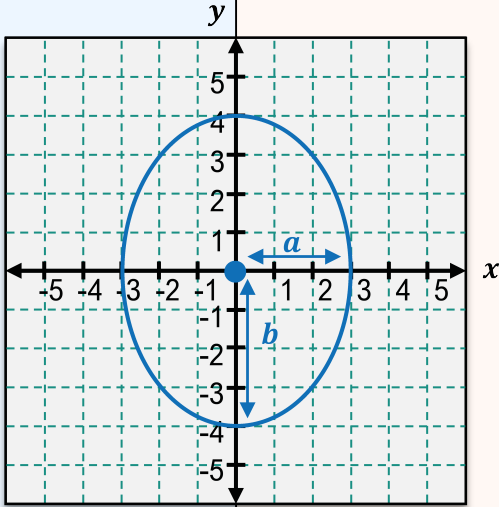
$$4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36$$



TOPIC: ELLIPSES

Ellipses Not at the Origin

- ◆ Recall: To sketch, plot pts **a** units right & left and **b** units up & down from (0, 0) & connect w/ a smooth curve.
- To sketch, plot pts **a** units right & left and **b** units up & down from center (__, __) & connect w/ a smooth curve.

Recall	Ellipse at Origin	New	Ellipse NOT at Origin
	$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$ Center: (0, 0) a = 3 b = 4 	$\frac{(x - \quad)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y - \quad)^2}{b^2} = 1$$\frac{(x - 2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y + 1)^2}{16} = 1$ Center: (,) a = b =	

TOPIC: ELLIPSES

EXAMPLE

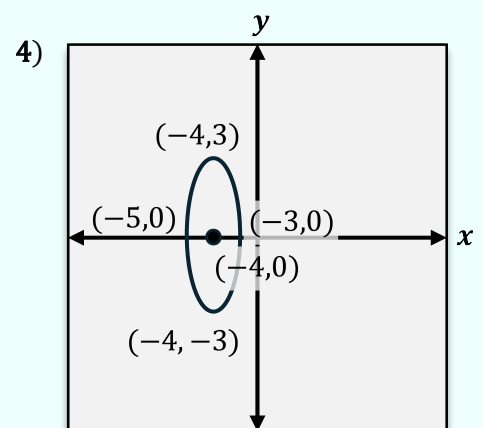
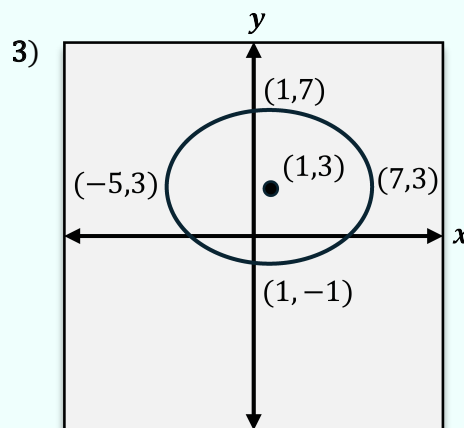
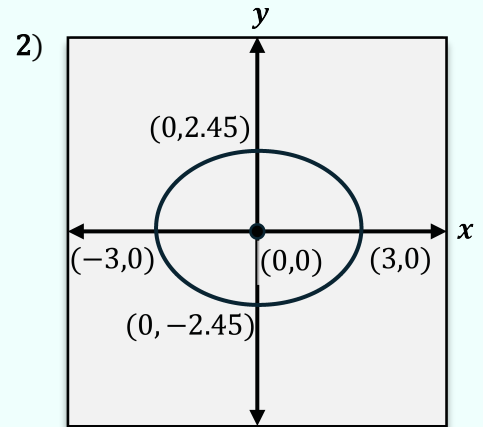
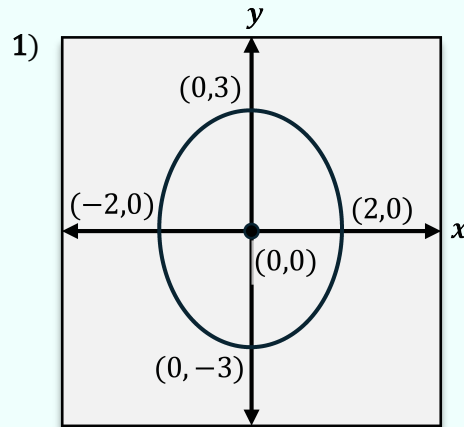
Match the graph of each ellipse with the correct equation:

A) $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$

B) $\frac{(x-1)^2}{36} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{16} = 1$

C) $(x+4)^2 + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$

D) $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{6} = 1$

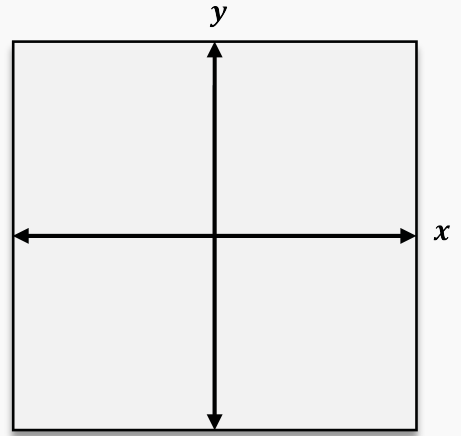


TOPIC: ELLIPSES

PRACTICE

Graph the following ellipse:

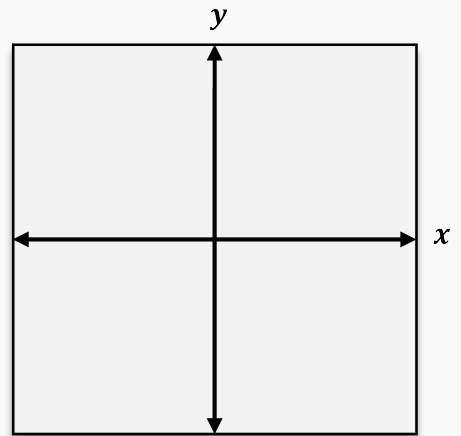
$$\frac{x^2}{36} = 1 - y^2$$



PRACTICE

Graph the following ellipse:

$$\frac{y^2}{64} = 1 - (x + 2)^2$$



PRACTICE

Graph the following ellipse:

$$4(x - 1)^2 + 9(y - 2)^2 = 36$$

