

CONCEPT: HYDROLYSIS OF NUCLEOSIDES

- Nucleosides are not easily hydrolyzed, however given a _____ enough acid and time it is possible.
 - Produces free sugar and base.

Acid-Catalyzed Hydrolysis Mechanism

Step 1

Proton Transfer

Step 2

Leaving Group

Step 3

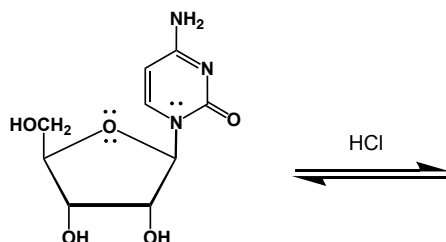
Nucleophilic Attack

Step 4

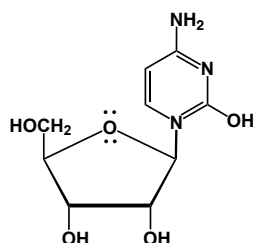
Proton Transfer

EXAMPLE: Provide the mechanism for the acid-catalyzed hydrolysis of cytidine.

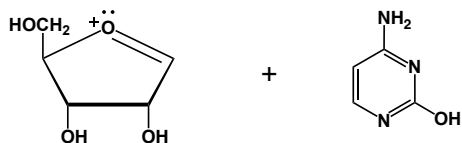
STEP 1: Use hydronium ion to _____ carbonyl oxygen.



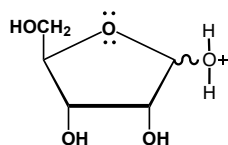
STEP 2: Create _____ bond between anomeric O and anomeric C to expel the _____.



STEP 3: Use water as a _____ to attack anomeric carbon.



STEP 4: Use another _____ to deprotonate positive O.



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PRACTICE: Propose a mechanism for acid-catalyzed hydrolysis of adenosine.

