TOPIC: INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL FITNESS

Introduction to Physical Fitness

◆ Physical Fitness: the desired health/physical *outcome* of consistent body movements & proper _____

PHYSICAL FITNESS The state of physical well-being PHYSICAL ACTIVITY **NUTRITION** Healthy diet & hydration **EXERCISE** bodily movement using energy. Planned, structured subset of physical activity with to improve physical fitness. Walking the dog Carrying groceries Jogging for 30 minutes Cleaning the house Weightlifting at the gym Exercise Home workouts

EXAMPLE

Label each of the following activities as either exercise (E) or another form of physical activity (P).

Running to catch the bus		Running away from a bear	
Going for a long run		Building a new fence for your yard	
Jiu jitsu class		Outdoor Pilates class in the park	
Walking in a city while on vacation		Going for a bike ride	
Swimming lesson		Swimming to rescue someone from drowning	

PRACTICE

Which of the following is likely to have the greatest impact on improving physical fitness?

- a) Taking your dog for a short walk to your mailbox once a week.
- b) Eating junk food but taking a multivitamin supplement every day to meet micronutrient needs.
- c) Reaching the random step goal on your smart watch each day, which isn't tailored to your personal needs.
- d) Consistently eating a balanced, nutrient-dense diet to support training, recovery, & overall health.

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Components of Physical Fitness

Cardiorespiratory Fitness: ability for heart, lungs, &	Musculoskeletal Fitness: strength &		
circulatory system to supply muscles with	of muscles & bones.		
Q: How long can you sustain cardiorespiratory activity (e.g. running)?	Q: How much force can you apply & for how long (e.g. weightlifting)?		
Measured by: VO ₂ Max.	Measured by: Repetition maximum.		
Flexibility: ability of joints to move through their full	Body Composition: the of		
range of with ease.	different tissues in the body, including muscle & fat.		
Q: How far can your joints move without pain or restriction (e.g. stretching, bending, twisting)?	Q: How much of your body weight is made up of muscle compared to fat? Muscle (36%) Essential fat (12%) Non-Essential fat (15%) Bone (12%) Other (25%)		
Measured by: Range of motion.	Measured as % of total body mass.		

Note: Physical fitness can be achieved via aerobic exercise, resistance training, & stretching.

PRACTICE

Which of the following statements is true?

- a) VO_2 max can be used to measure muscular strength & endurance.
- b) Cardiorespiratory fitness is determined by body mass index (BMI).
- c) Muscular strength, not endurance, is determined by how many repetitions of an exercise you can complete.
- d) To achieve physical fitness, it's crucial to partake in physical activity & have a healthful diet.