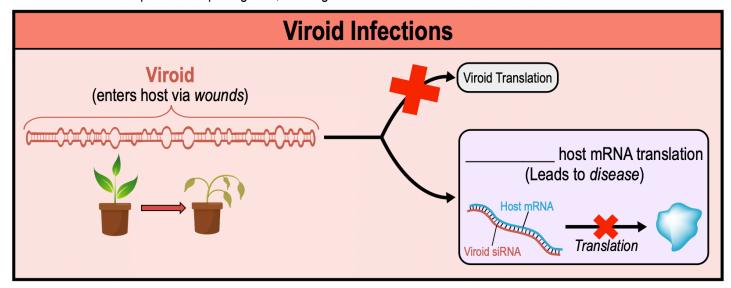
CONCEPT: VIROIDS

Recall	ecall:: obligate intracellular parasites made of only a single, sh	ort strand of forming a <i>closed ring</i> .
	□ ONLY known to infect & cause disease in cells.	
	□ Like plant viruses, they enter a host cell via sites	
	□ Replicates using a host RNA-dependent polymerase (like r	replicase of RNA viruses).
Viroids	do encode for any proteins; but act like small interfering RNAs (siRNAs).	
	□ <i>Block</i> the expression of plant genes, causing disease.	



• Many questions about viroids still exist, but continued research is ongoing every day to solve these issues.

PRACTICE: Viroids characteristically are composed of:

- a) ssRNA.
- b) dsRNA.
- c) ssDNA.
- d) dsDNA.

PRACTICE: Viroids are:

- a) Small fragments of naked dsDNA that infect plant cells.
- b) Small fragments of naked dsRNA that infect plant cells.
- c) Small fragments of naked ssRNA that infect plant cells.
- d) Small fragments of naked ssRNA that infect animal cells.
- e) Small fragments of naked ssDNA that infect animal cells.
- f) None of the above.