CONCEPT: BODY CAVITIES

Introduction to Body Cavities

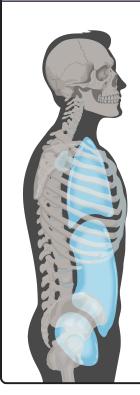
- ◆ Hollow spaces that house _____ organs.
 - Protect, support, and _____ organs.
- Body cavities are classified into 2 groups:
 - Ventral (Anterior): _____ of the body.
 - Dorsal (Posterior): _____ of the body.



Ventral Body Cavities

◆Chest, abdomen, and pelvis.

Ventral Body Cavities



Thoracic Cavity

Lungs: _____ cavity Heart: Peri/cardi/al cavity

Diaphragm

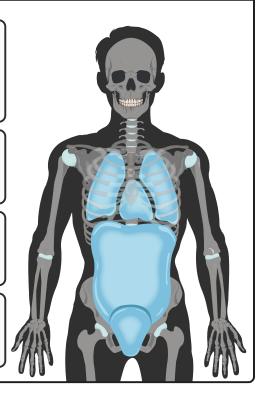
Separates thoracic & abdominal cavities.

Abdominal Cavity

Stomach, intestine, & other digestive organs.

Pelvic Cavity

Urinary bladder & reproductive organs.



Pleural →

EXAMPLE

Identify each of the following organs as housed in the thoracic (T), abdominal (A), or pelvic (P) cavity.

a) Stomach

d) Intestines

b) ____ Heart

c) ____ Urinary bladder

e) ____ Lungs

CONCEPT: BODY CAVITIES

Dorsal Body Cavities

Dorsal Body Cavities

► Cranial Cavity: space inside the ______, contains the brain.



Crown on a ______.

▶ **Spinal Cavity:** contains the spinal cord & spinal fluid.



EXAMPLE

Which of the following cavities are grouped under dorsal cavities?

a) Pericardial cavity

c) Spinal cavity

b) Pleural cavities

d) Pelvic cavity

PRACTICE

Which of the following statements is incorrect about the body cavities?

- a) The pleural cavity contains the heart.
- b) The organs of the central nervous system are in the dorsal cavities.
- c) Stomach and intestines are inside the abdominal cavity.
- d) Thoracic cavity contains pleural and pericardial cavities.