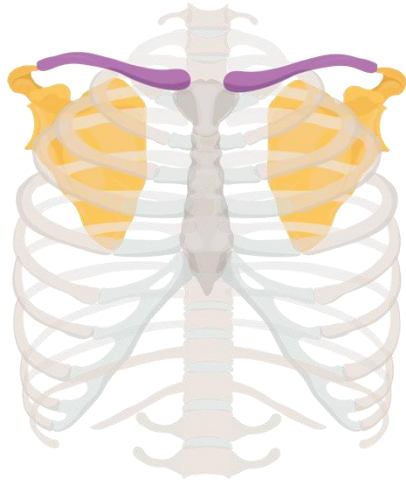


TOPIC: THE PECTORAL GIRDLE

- **Pectoral Girdle** (_____ girdle): attaches arms to _____ skeleton.
 - Part of _____ skeleton.
- 2 bones:

1. **Clavicle:** “_____ bones”.

- Articulates with sternum and scapula.

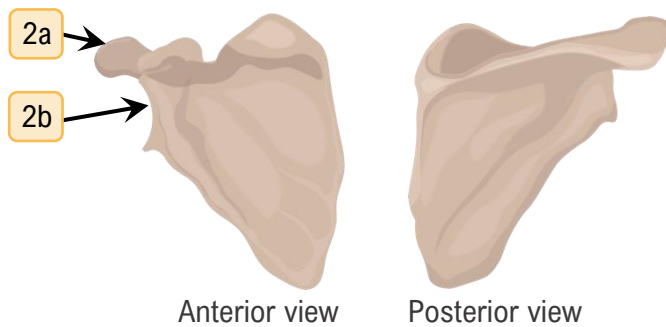


2. **Scapula:** “_____ blades”.

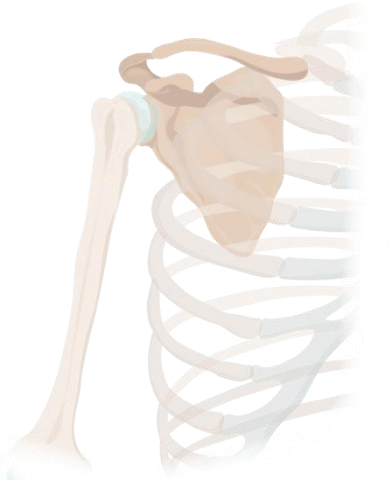
- Articulates with clavicle and humerus.

2a. **Acromion Process:** process where scapula meets clavicle.

2b. **Glenoid Cavity:** depression for the _____ - *shoulder socket*.



EXAMPLE: The shoulder joint is the most mobile joint in the body. Relate structures of the pectoral girdle that aid in making the shoulder so mobile.



Glenoid cavity: _____

Scapula: _____

Clavicle: _____

PRACTICE: The medial end of the clavicle articulates with what structure?

- a) Scapula.
- b) Humerus.
- c) Ribs.
- d) Sternum.

TOPIC: THE PECTORAL GIRDLE

PRACTICE: Which statement about the scapula is correct?

- a) The scapula articulates with the ribs and the clavicle.
- b) The acromion process is the most medial point of the scapula where it articulates with the clavicle.
- c) The scapula is the largest bone of the axial skeleton.
- d) The glenoid cavity of the scapula articulates with the humerus.