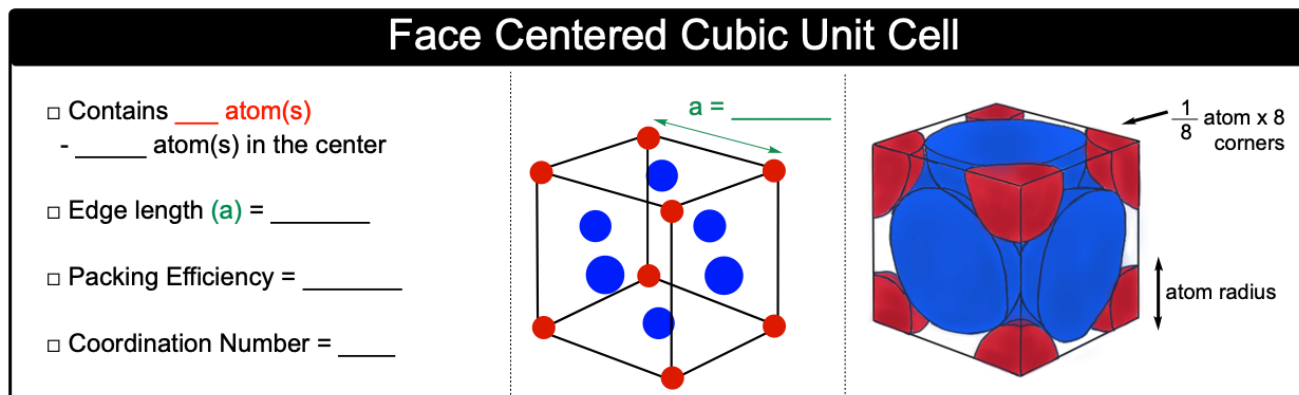


### CONCEPT: FACE CENTERED CUBIC UNIT CELL

- The **Face-Centered Cubic Unit Cell** is composed of a cube with an atom at each corner and \_\_\_\_ atom(s) on the faces.



**EXAMPLE:** Silver adopts a face-centered cubic unit cell structure. Illustrate how the number of atoms per unit cell for the silver atom are obtained.

**PRACTICE:** Aluminum has a face-centered cubic unit structure and a density of  $2.716 \text{ g/cm}^3$ . Calculate the edge length of the unit cell.

- a)  $4.041 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$       b)  $3.992 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$       c)  $3.615 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$       d)  $3.247 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$       e)  $2.836 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$

**PRACTICE:** An element crystallizes in a face-centered cubic lattice and has a density of  $18.44 \text{ g/cm}^3$ . The edge of its unit cell is  $1.05 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$ . Calculate the atomic mass for the element.

- a)  $3.21 \text{ g} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$       b)  $15.5 \text{ g} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$       c)  $60.8 \text{ g} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$       d)  $151 \text{ g} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$