

TOPIC: SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS

Strategy for Solving Linear Equations

◆ To solve **ANY** linear equation, *simplify* & then use *multiple* properties of equality. You can follow these steps:

EXAMPLE

Solve the linear equation.

$$3(x - 2) + 2 = x + 8$$

Recall

If $a = b$, then...

$$a + c = b + c \quad | \quad ac = bc$$

$$a - c = b - c \quad | \quad \frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{c}$$

(Properties of Equality)

HOW TO: Solve Linear Equations

1) Simplify both sides of the equation

- *Distribute* into ()
- *Combine* like terms

2) Use _____ props. to **collect**:

- All *variable* terms on one side
- All *constant* terms on other side

3) Use _____ props. to **isolate** variable

4) Check solution by plugging in *orig. eqn*

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PRACTICE

Solve the given linear equation. Check your solution.

(A) $2(x + 3) = 14$

(B) $-5 - y = 3(y + 9)$

HOW TO: Solve Linear Equations

1) Simplify both sides of the equation

- *Distribute* into ()
- *Combine* like terms

2) Use $+/ -$ props. to **collect**:

- All *variable* terms on one side
- All *constant* terms on other side

3) Use \times / \div props. to **isolate** variable

4) Check solution by plugging in *orig. eqn*

PRACTICE

Solve the given linear equation. Check your solution.

$$4(x + 1) - 3(x - 2) = 2x + 5$$