- For simplicity, anatomists sometimes use more general terms for regions of the abdomen and pelvis.
- Divided 2 ways:
 - 1. Abdominopelvic Quadrants:

_____ quadrants



2. Abdominopelvic Regions:

_____ regions



Abdominopelvic Quadrants

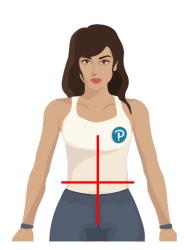
- Abdominopelvic Quadrants: Divided at the midline and naval
 - Names for the quadrants include _____ words:

1st word: Right or _____.

2nd word: _____ or lower.

3rd word is _____ quadrant.

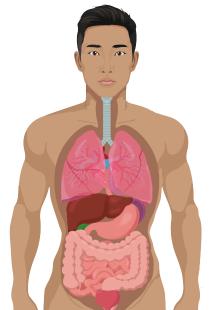
- Quadrant names can be abbreviated to three letters:
 - E.g. Right Upper Quadrant = _____.



EXAMPLE: Draw in the abdominopelvic quadrants and label them with the correct abbreviations.

Liver, gallbladder

Small intestine, large intestine, bladder, appendix

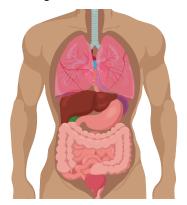


Stomach, spleen, pancreas

Small intestine, large intestine, bladder

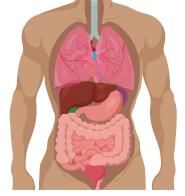
PRACTICE: Identify two organs of the left upper quadrant. You may use the diagram for reference.

- a) Liver & gallbladder.
- b) Large intestine & appendix.
- c) Stomach & spleen.
- d) Large intestine & bladder.



PRACTICE: Tenderness in the right lower quadrant could indicate what? You may use the diagram for reference.

- a) Gall stones.
- c) Acid reflux.
- b) Appendicitis.
- d) Hepatitis (infection of the liver).



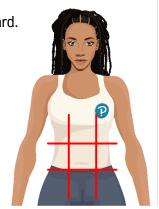
Abdominopelvic Regions

- Abdominopelvic Regions: divide the abdomen creating an imaginary ______ board.
- ____ sections that are named for their location.
 - Naming follows a pattern.

1st identify whether its right, center, or left: left & right terms differ from center.

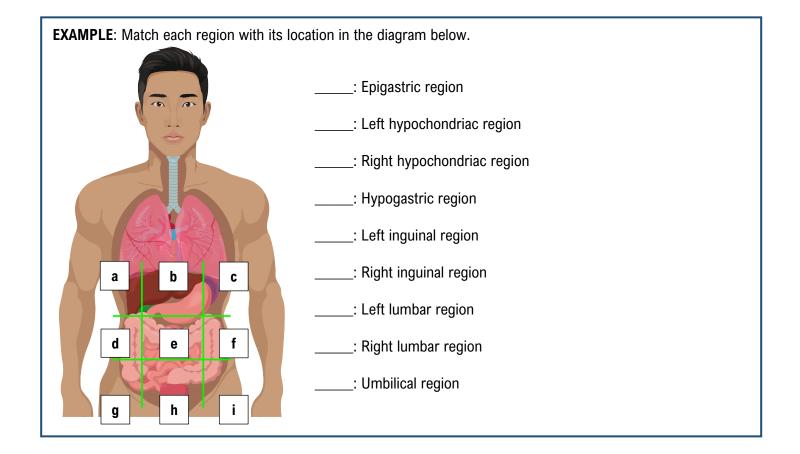
2nd identify if its top, middle, or bottom.

■ Names for regions based on Greek and Latin anatomical terms.



	Right or Left Regions
Тор	chondriac = Below
Middle	Lumbar = Lower
Bottom	Inguinal = Of the groin

Center Region	
Epigastric = stomach	
Umbilical = Navel/Bellybutton	
Hypogastric = stomach	



PRACTICE: How would you name the region that is in the center and top of the abdomen?

a) Umbilical region.

c) Epigastric region.

b) Hypogastric region.

d) Inguinal region.

PRACTICE: Your lab instructor tells you to make an incision in the hypogastric region find a specific organ. What organ might you be trying to locate? You may use the diagram as a reference.

a) Bladder.

c) Liver.

b) Large intestine.

d) Stomach.

